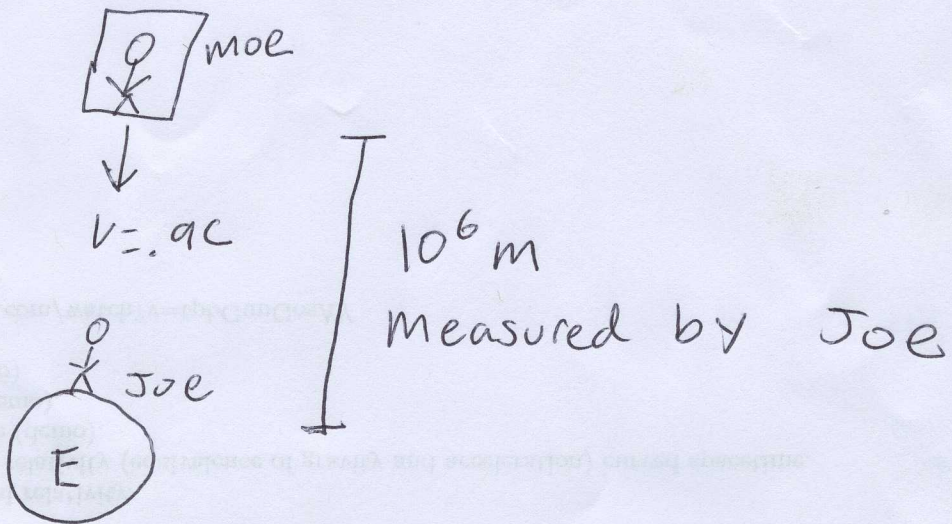


HW 4

① a)



b)

$$L_{\text{moe}} = L_{\text{Joe}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}} = L_{\text{Joe}} \sqrt{1 - .81} \approx 4 \times 10^5 \text{ m}$$

To moe, Earth is approaching at $.9c$, hence the distance is contracted.

HW 4

② a) same as the previous figure but with different numbers.

$$b) 100 \text{ Km} = (1000 \text{ Km}) \sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{100} = 1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}$$

$$\frac{v^2}{c^2} = \frac{100}{100} - \frac{1}{100} = \frac{99}{100}$$

$$v^2 = \frac{99}{100} c^2$$

$$v = .995 c$$

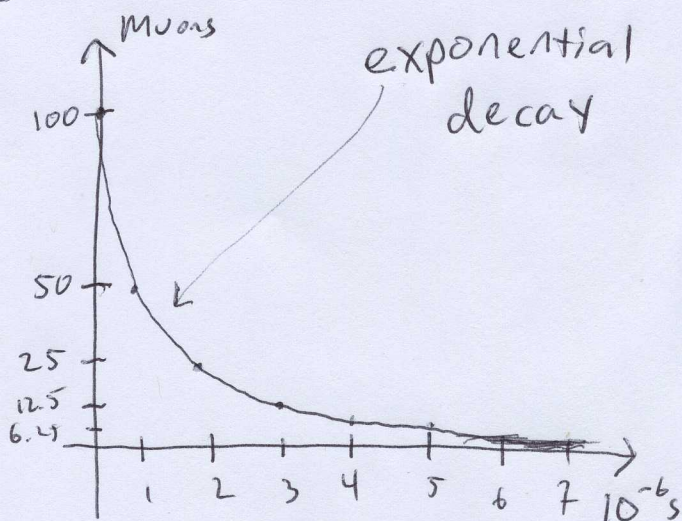
HW 4

③ a) $\tau_m = 10^{-6} \text{ s}$

The half-life is the time, on average, for your muon supply to reduce by $\frac{1}{2}$.

Some points for the graph are

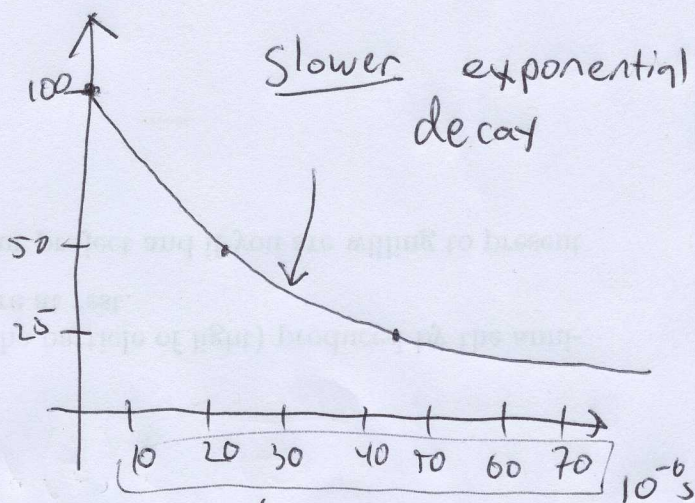
(100, 0s)
(50, τ_m)
(25, $2\tau_m$)
(12.5, $3\tau_m$)
(6.25, $4\tau_m$)
(3.125, $5\tau_m$)



b) $v = .999c$

$$(\tau_m)_{\text{Lab}} = \frac{(\tau_m)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}} \approx 22 \tau_m$$

(100, 0s)
(50, $22\tau_m$)
(25, $44\tau_m$)
(12.5, $88\tau_m$)



note Scaled by 10